

Atty. Docket No. YOR920000168US1  
(590.014)

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. No changes have been made to the present listing of claims.

**Listing Of Claims:**

1. (Previously Presented) A method of providing speaker recognition, said method comprising the steps of:

providing a model corresponding to a target speaker, the model being resolved into at least one frame and capable of having a plurality of levels of phonetic detail of varying resolution for each frame;

receiving an identity claim;

ascertaining whether the identity claim corresponds to the target speaker model;

said ascertaining step comprising the steps of:

determining, for each frame and each level of phonetic detail of the target speaker model, a likelihood value; and

resolving the at least one likelihood value to obtain a likelihood score.

2. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein, for each frame and each level of phonetic detail, the likelihood value is a maximum likelihood value.

Atty. Docket No. YOR920000168US1  
(590.014)

3. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 2, wherein said step of resolving the at least one likelihood value comprises averaging the at least one likelihood value.

4. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 3, wherein the likelihood value is determined via the following general equation:

$$S(U|M) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{i=1}^L \sum_{t=1}^T b_{i,j(i,t)} \cdot P(u_t | M\{i, j(i,t)\}) ;$$

wherein  $b_{i,j(i,t)}$  corresponds to grain-specific weights that satisfy

$$\sum_{i=1}^L \sum_{j=1}^{K(i)} b_{ij} = 1 ;$$

and further wherein:

$S$  is the likelihood score;

$U$  is a test utterance, comprising  $T$  frames  $u_1, \dots, u_T$ ;

$M(i,j)$  is a speaker model, with  $1 \leq i \leq L$  levels of detail and with  $1 \leq j \leq K(i)$  units on the  $i$ -th level; and

$P(u_t|M(i,j))$  is the probability that a frame  $u_t$  corresponds to a speaker model unit  $j$  on the  $i$ -th level of phonetic detail of the speaker model.

5. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 4, wherein the likelihood score is determined by the following equation:

Atty. Docket No. YOR920000168US1  
(590.014)

$$S(U|M) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T \max_{1 \leq i \leq L, 1 \leq j \leq K(i)} P(u_t | M(i, j)) .$$

6. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one level of phonetic detail comprises at least one of the following: a global level; a phonemic level and a sub-phonemic level.

7. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 6, wherein the at least one level of phonetic detail comprises all of the following three levels: a global level; a phonemic level and a sub-phonemic level.

8. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 7, wherein said step of providing a model corresponding to a target speaker comprises creating said target speaker model on the basis of training utterances and providing labeling information for each frame.

9. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 1, wherein said ascertaining step further comprises accepting or rejecting the identity claim.

10. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 9, wherein said step of accepting or rejecting comprises comparing a quantity based on the likelihood score to a predetermined threshold value.

11. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 10, further comprising the steps of:

providing at least one model corresponding to at least one background speaker;

and

Atty. Docket No. YOR920000168US1  
(590.014)

determining the quantity based on the likelihood score via employing the at least one background speaker model.

12. **(Original)** The method according to Claim 11, wherein said step of determining the quantity based on the likelihood comprises determining a log-likelihood ratio based on the likelihood score.

13. **(Previously Presented)** The method according to Claim 12, wherein the log-likelihood ratio is determined by the following equation:

$$L = S(U | M) - \frac{1}{C} \sum_{i=1}^C S(U | BG_i);$$

wherein:

$L$  is the log-likelihood ratio;

$S$  is the likelihood score;

$U$  is a test utterance, comprising  $T$  frames  $u_1, \dots, u_T$ ;

$M$  denotes the target speaker model; and

$BG_i$  denotes the  $i$ -th background model.

14. **(Previously Presented)** An apparatus for of providing speaker recognition, said apparatus comprising:

a target speaker model generator for generating a model corresponding to a target

Atty. Docket No. YOR920000168US1  
(590.014)

speaker, the model being resolved into at least one frame and capable of having a plurality of levels of phonetic detail of varying resolution for each frame;

a receiving arrangement for receiving an identity claim;

a decision arrangement for ascertaining whether the identity claim corresponds to the target speaker model;

said decision arrangement being adapted to:

determine, for each frame and each level of phonetic detail of the target speaker model, a likelihood value; and

resolve the at least one likelihood value to obtain a likelihood score.

15. **(Previously Presented)** The apparatus according to Claim 14, wherein, for each frame and each level of phonetic detail, the likelihood value is a maximum likelihood value.

16. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 15, wherein said decision arrangement is adapted to resolve the at least one likelihood value via averaging the at least one likelihood value.

17. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 16, wherein the likelihood value is determined via the following general equation:

$$S(U|M) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{i=1}^L \sum_{r=1}^T b_{i,j(i,r)} \cdot P(u_i | M\{i, j(i,r)\}) ;$$

Atty. Docket No. YOR920000168US1  
(590.014)

wherein  $b_{ij(i,t)}$  corresponds to grain-specific weights that satisfy

$$\sum_{i=1}^L \sum_{j=1}^{K(i)} b_{ij} = 1 ;$$

and further wherein:

$S$  is the likelihood score;

$U$  is a test utterance, comprising  $T$  frames  $u_1, \dots, u_T$ ;

$M(i,j)$  is a speaker model, with  $1 \leq i \leq L$  levels of detail and with  $1 \leq j \leq K(i)$  units on the  $i$ -th level; and

$P(u_i | M(i,j))$  is the probability that a frame  $u_i$  corresponds to a speaker model unit  $j$  on the  $i$ -th level of phonetic detail of the speaker model.

18. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 17, wherein the likelihood score is determined by the following equation:

$$S(U | M) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{i=1}^T \max_{1 \leq i \leq L, 1 \leq j \leq K(i)} P(u_i | M(i, j)) .$$

19. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 14, wherein the at least one level of phonetic detail comprises at least one of the following: a global level; a phonemic level and a sub-phonemic level.

Atty. Docket No. YOR920000168US1  
(590.014)

20. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 19, wherein the at least one level of phonetic detail comprises all of the following three levels: a global level; a phonemic level and a sub-phonemic level.

21. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 20, wherein said target speaker model generator is adapted to generate said target speaker model on the basis of training utterances and providing labeling information for each frame.

22. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 14, wherein said decision arrangement is further adapted to accept or reject the identity claim.

23. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 22, wherein said decision arrangement is adapted to accept or reject the identity claim via comparing a quantity based on the likelihood score to a predetermined threshold value.

24. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 23, further comprising:  
  
a background speaker model generator for providing at least one model corresponding to at least one background speaker;

said decision arrangement being adapted to determine the quantity based on the likelihood score via employing the at least one background speaker model.

25. **(Original)** The apparatus according to Claim 24, wherein said decision arrangement is adapted to determine the quantity based on the likelihood via determining a log-likelihood ratio based on the likelihood score.

Atty. Docket No. YOR920000168US1  
(590.014)

26. (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to Claim 25, wherein the log-likelihood ratio is determined by the following equation:

$$L = S(U | M) - \frac{1}{C} \sum_{i=1}^C S(U | BG_i);$$

wherein:

$L$  is the log-likelihood ratio;

$S$  is the likelihood score;

$U$  is a test utterance, comprising  $T$  frames  $u_1, \dots, u_T$ ;

$M$  denotes the target speaker model; and

$BG_i$  denotes the  $i$ -th background model.

27. (Previously Presented) A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for providing speaker recognition, said method comprising the steps of:

providing a model corresponding to a target speaker, the model being resolved into at least one frame and capable of having a plurality of levels of phonetic detail of varying resolution for each frame;

receiving an identity claim;

ascertaining whether the identity claim corresponds to the target speaker model;



Atty. Docket No. YOR920000168US1  
(590.014)

said ascertaining step comprising the steps of:

determining, for each frame and each level of phonetic detail of the target

speaker model, a likelihood value; and

resolving the at least one likelihood value to obtain a likelihood score.